we Water Sampe

#### ENO TO FILE

22. D. McCluen, the figures given below represent initial evaluation of the renium content of the Clinch River bottom between the inflow of White Oak Creek fitum fackground of the river bottom at the ORGOP. In all cases, analyses of than 0.2 ppb of uranium, which corresponds to a value of 1.7 x 10 10 µc/cc. may he compared to a value of 2 x 10 5 µc/cc. as a permissible limit for wife! uranium in drinking water for continuous use by the general population. "我们的意意。"

the river bottom samples, number 1 was taken some 100-200 yds. below the control inflow of white Cak Lake, and number 2 was taken some 100-200 yds. unsiream from this inflow point. Samples numbers 1 through 7 were taken at mots approximately equally distributed between point number 2 and Clinton. sample number 8 was taken in Clinton, sample number 9 was taken approximately way between Norris Lake and Clinton, and sample number 10 was taken in portis Lake. All of the samples are mud or silt except the one taken at Norris take which had considerable rock. The two results given for samples 1, 2, and Trepresent different analyses of the same sample and do not represent Mifferent samples.

Sample	Concentration												
Limber	_daa_	rc/ul.											
1	13; 25	17 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> ; 9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> 17 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> ; 11 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> 11 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
2	50; 33	$17 \times 10^{-9}$ ; $11 \times 10^{-9}$											
. 3	33	11 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
4	- 25	9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
5	17	6 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
6	42	14 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
7	50	17 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
·	33	11 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
3	25	9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>											
10	83; 67	$28 \times 10^{-9}$ ; $23 \times 10^{-9}$											

#ote: In this usage, the ⊬c is defined in accord with NBS Handbook 69 and is thus taken as about 7.4 x 104 dis./sec.

Safety, Fire, and Radiation Control

**9/**22/60

This document has been approved for releas

Technical Information Office

Coak Ridge K-25 Site

Lile (En Sachi)

### 

	August 15, 1960 TELEPHONE( ) PERSONAL(XX)
PARTIES:	(Originating) H. F. Henry, V. J. McCluen, H. J. Culbert, N. B. Schultz
	(Other)
SUBJECT:	Radioactivity levels in Clinch River between CEGEP and Norris Lake
· · ·	
	ON: A proposed study of the current radioactivity levels in the Clinch Riv
	ng water and mud sampling to be performed by the Process Engineering Divis: ed such aspects as the sampling points, quantity of sample required.
	icity of samples, frequency of schedule, and laboratory analyses to be made
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CONCLUSI	ON OR
AGREEME	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person
AGREEMEI are to	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom
AGREEMEI are to for ana	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom lyses for uranium concentration, beta and alpha activity. Each sample is
AGREEMEI are to for ana be in d	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom
AGREEMEI are to for ana be in d as requ samples	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom lyses for uranium concentration, beta and alpha activity. Each sample is uplicate, with a quantity sufficient of each sample retained for a third reired for statistical significance. Tentative schedule: initial series of as soon as possible in August 1960; to be repeated in about six months
AGREEMEI are to for ana be in d as requ samples	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom lyses for uranium concentration, beta and alpha activity. Each sample is uplicate, with a quantity sufficient of each sample retained for a third reired for statistical significance. Tentative schedule: initial series of as soon as possible in August 1960; to be repeated in about six months a winter month.
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AGREEMEI are to for ana be in d as requ samples during Creek, (6) Edg	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom lyses for uranium concentration, beta and alpha activity. Each sample is uplicate, with a quantity sufficient of each sample retained for a third reired for statistical significance. Tentative schedule: initial series of as soon as possible in August 1960; to be repeated in about six months a winter month.  Locations proposed: (1) Below White Oak Creek, (2) Above White Cak (3) Gallaghar Bend, (4) Below Scarboro Creek, (5) Above Scarboro Creek, emore Bridge, (7) Below Clinton, (8) Above Clinton, (9) Below Norris Dam,
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AGREEMEI are to for ana be in d as requ samples during Creek, (6) Edg	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) persons collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom lyses for uranium concentration, beta and alpha activity. Each sample is uplicate, with a quantity sufficient of each sample retained for a third relied for statistical significance. Tentative schedule: initial series of as soon as possible in August 1960; to be repeated in about six months a winter month.  Locations proposed: (1) Below White Oak Creek, (2) Above White Oak (3) Gallaghar Bend, (4) Below Scarboro Creek, (5) Above Scarboro Creek, emore Bridge, (7) Below Clinton, (8) Above Clinton, (9) Below Norris Dam, rris Lake.  This document has been approved for relied to the public by:
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AGREEMEI are to for ana be in d as requ samples during Creek, (6) Edg (10) No	NTS: Process Engineering Division (Process Laboratory Department) person collect samples of water, suspended silt (when avilable), and stream-bottom lyses for uranium concentration, beta and alpha activity. Each sample is uplicate, with a quantity sufficient of each sample retained for a third reired for statistical significance. Tentative schedule: initial series of as soon as possible in August 1960; to be repeated in about six months a winter month.  Locations proposed: (1) Below White Oak Creek, (2) Above White Cak (3) Gallaghar Bend, (1) Below Scarboro Creek, (5) Above Scarboro Creek, emore Bridge, (7) Below Clinton, (8) Above Clinton, (9) Below Norris Dam, rris Lake.  This document has been approved for retained for public by:

WCX-2402 (3-55)

<b>MEMO</b>
ALCHAIC

## AVOID ORAL INSTRUCTIONS

Date	12/14	_19_59

To	Dr. H. F. Her	nry		ORNL Waste Release to Clinch River
As ment	ioned previously	y, the high value	of 2116 dis/mir	n/100 ml obtained on a
suppose	dly finished wa	ter sample does n	ot appear to be	a valid measurement of
the inf	luent water act	ivity. Bill thin	ks this came fro	om backwashing the filters.
Results	sin <b>c</b> e this time	e show a steady d	ecline as noted	below:
12/	4/59 <b>-</b> 536 Beta	- dis/min/100 ml		S Str And Control
12/	<b>5/5</b> 9 <b>-</b> 312 "	T2		STOREM SHOW OF SHILL
12/	6/59 <b>-</b> 93 "	11		A SEN HOURT
12/	<b>7/</b> 59 <b>-</b> 273 "	11	4	Super Stranger and reading and super surf
12/	<b>/8/59 - 23</b> 2 "	tt	Sh	S JOS CALL
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JCN-486 1235 3-59) AFB:la Signed a Becker

A. F. Becher Safety and Health Physics RADI MOI - II I SELLAR LAR MATER

## AT TUDE MATER FILTRATION PLANT

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6-1	4-3-60	0.6	20.05	2,25	2,25			5,7
6-2	4-10-60	0,7	40.05	3	2,70	_		516
63	4-17-60	0.2	**	1,35	0.32		_	5119
6.4	4-24-60	40.06	40,04	114	*	0.18	0.04	2,0%
6.5	5-1-60	40.2	**	4,5	0.63	<del>X-</del>	0.01	1.82
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*	Too low to	interpret	ļ.	j	1		1	1

#### MEMORANDUM

To: Mr. A. F. Becher

Subject: Radioactivity of Clinch River at ORGDP

On Monday morning, November 2, 1959, the ORNL Area Monitoring Group notified ORGDP Safety and Health Physics that a radioactive leak of spent fuel elements had occurred over the weekend; subsequent newspaper releases suggested that the incident began late Friday afternoon. The gates of the dam reportedly had been closed Sunday morning to hold back what ORNL believed to be the major portion of the spill. Initial counting results of a sample of the water impounded behind White Oak Dam indicated a level of 225,000 dis./min./100 ml gross beta. The following morning the Knoxville "Journal," and that evening the "News Sentinel" as well as the "Oak Ridger" carried stories on the spill; clippings are filed in the Safety and Health Physics office. ORNL qualitative analyses indicated the radionuclides to be mainly Ruthenium and Curium, with lesser concentrations of Cerium, Neptunium, Americium, Plutonium, and Strontium; the latter being estimated at 10% of the total. Gross alpha activity of 14,000 dis./min./100 ml or about 8 x  $10^{-5} \mu c/ml$  was attributed to Americium 40%, Curium 30%, Plutonium 20%, and Neptunium 10%. For comparison, it may be noted that the Handbook No. 69 MPL $_{\rm W}$  for 40-hour week occupational exposure is 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>  $\mu$ c Pu<sup>239</sup>/ml. Early "guesstimates" of the total quantity of radionuclides involved varied widely from 5-500 curies.

ORGDP records indicated that the average beta activity in the plant sanitary water during the previous three-month period was 24 dis./min./100 ml. Using the MPLw of 4 x 10-6  $\mu$ c Sr<sup>90</sup>/ml (NBS Handbook No. 69, 40-hour week occupational exposure) which is equivalent to 888 dis./min./100 ml, the 13-week MPL was computed to be 11,544 dis./min./100 ml, essentially all usable during the 13th week.

On Tuesday, November 3, 1959, about 10:30 a.m., ORNL "cracked open" the White Oak Dam, releasing impounded water to the Clinch River at about 5-10 ft.3/second. Special sampling by ORGDP Utilities was started on the 4-12 shift, November 3, 1959. These results are shown graphically in figure 1 and are listed in table 1 along with the results of determinations by the ORNL "hot" lab, which apparently has a lower limit of detection of about 1000 dis./min./100 ml. Results of subsequent analyses of five duplicate samples by the ORNL "cold" lab and the ORGDP uranium measurements lab compared more favorably, averaging 459 and 486 dis./min./100 ml, respectively.

On Thursday, November 5, 1959, ORNL indicated that as of 2:00 a.m., the White Oak Lake activity level was approximately 150,000 dis./min./100 ml gross beta, or about one-fourth to one-half the peak value. At 5:00 a.m., November 5, 1959, the peak reading of 90l dis./min./100 ml was recorded at the Clinch River influent to the ORGDP sanitary water plant.

On Friday, November 6, 1959, CRNL reported that as of 7:30 a.m. the White Oak Dam was fully open, there was no backlog of radionuclides, and normal flow of White Oak Creek was re-established. At this time, the gross beta activity in

This document has been approved for release to the public by:

| 1996 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 |

Tak Ridge K-25 Bite

White Oak Creek reportedly was about 50,000 dis./min./100 ml, or approximately double the levels noted during "normal" operations.

Levels up to 150 dis./min./100 ml prevailed in the Clinch River influent to the ORGDP sanitary water plant through Wednesday, November 11, 1959. By Thursday, November 12, 1959, beta activity levels at this location had fallen below the ORGDP P.A.L. of 89 dis./min./100 ml (1/10th of the NCRP Sr<sup>90</sup> MPL for 40-hour week occupational exposure, NBS Handbook No. 69).

It may be noted that during the period involved, the Clinch River flow remained essentially stable at about 5000 ft. 3/second, paralleling the average annual flow noted during 1957 and 1958, and providing the associated dilution factor of the mixed fission product waste material released from ORNL.

On Friday, November 13, 1959, sampling of sanitary water from nine system loops and end-of-line locations, including K-1001, K-25 Process Area, the pump houses, and the Powerhouse Area, indicated an average gross beta activity of 34 dis./min./ 100 ml, apparently reflecting the fact that there is no residual activity within the distribution system.

During an 18-hour period beginning on the 4-12 shift, November 5, 1959, hourly samples of raw, settled, and filtered water were obtained at the K-1515 Sanitary Water Plant. Lab results indicated that during water purification up to the point of filter saturation, settling alone removed an average of 53% of the total beta activity, while settling plus filtering removed about 68% of the total beta activity associated with the radionuclides present in this release, with elements such as Sr90 and RulO6 presumably remaining in solution. The need for increased frequency of washing of filters, usually performed on loss of head or 72-hour intervals, was indicated by the beta activity of the finished water approaching the beta activity of the raw water.

NBS:la

Attachments (Figure 1 and Table 1)

November 17, 1959

No RC

N. B. Schultz for

Safety and Health Physics

TABLE 1

GROSS BETA ACTIVITY IN CLINCH RIVER ORGDP SANITARY WATER PLANT INFLUENT

DATE	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/9	11/10	11/11	11/12
C.R. FLOW (ft.3/sec.)	4934	5128	5250	5260	4220	4800	5010	5300
12 Midnight		(1000)		524				
1 A.M.		9	682(0)	377				
2 A.M.		(0)		394				
3 A.M.		(500)		650				
4 A.M.		(1500)	}	476			33	63
5 A.M.		65 (500)	901(0)	504				
6 A.M.		(500)		411				
7 A.M.		(1000)		349				
8 A.M.				167	112		133	68
9 A.M.			556			152	:	
10 A.M.				59				
11 A.M.				75				
12 Noon		637	221	94				
1 P.M.								
2 P.M.				166				
3 P.M.				49				
4 P.M.			230					
5 P.M.	1	529 (1000)	408		•			
6 P.M.			235					
7 P.M.			417					
8 P.M.			374			40	14	
9 P.M.	19	623 (1000)	550					
10 P.M.			433					
11 P.M.	(1000)*		509					

 $<sup>{}^{</sup>ullet}$  ORNL "hot" lab results in parenthesis.

NBS:la

11/17/59

11/11/26 11/10/59 11/8/28 NES Handbook #69 for 10 hr. week Occupational 1.2x10<sup>-7</sup>uc/ml CAMPUSABLE LACY MA DAY 1 LLAND A NUMBER OF 11/8/50 NB3 Handbuok. #69 ImCp1/14/10, 45 NOR AVERAGE 150 8 750 8 8

IN CLANCH NIVER

CLOSS BETA ACTIV

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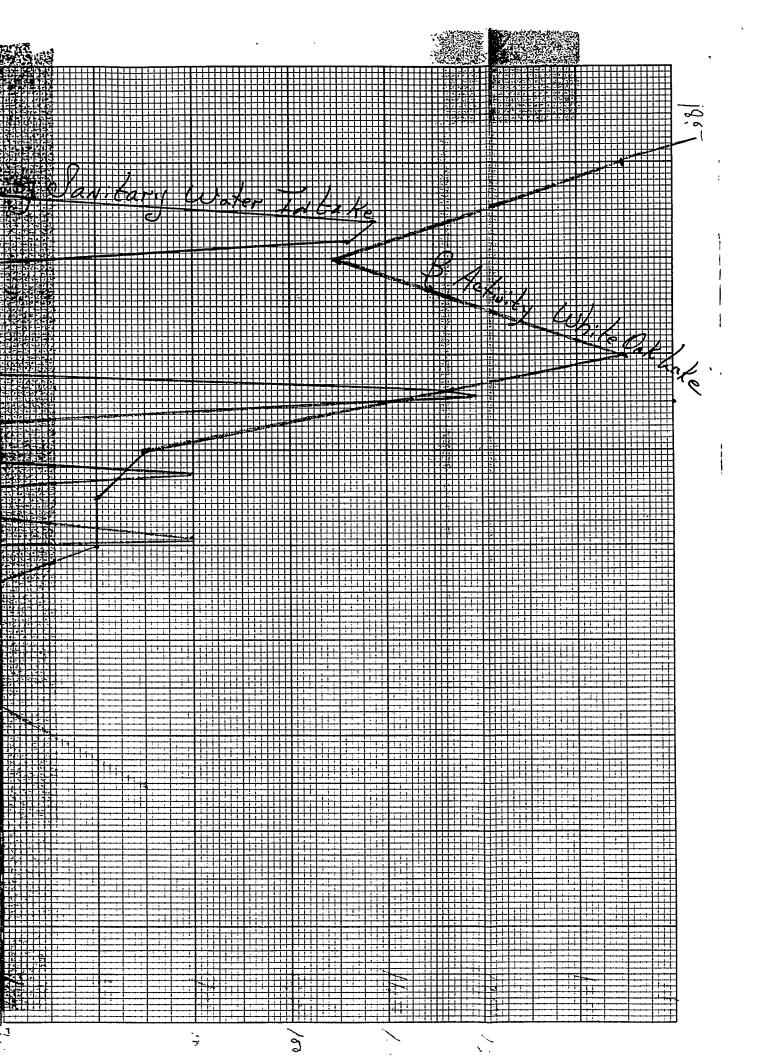
1957\_ Click Kiner Flow (Cfs) at & 25- 4857 2,790 2-12,657 26- 3,667 11.930 (6,790) 3-12,790 27. 5,523 (6,850) (2,620) 28- 5,857 (6,890) 10 790 0 52 6,790 29- 11,177 (3,470)0 6- 957 30- 7,257 (2,540) (0130) 31- 13,390 (6.780) (2,810) 7- 486 (6, 280) 4.723 (5,170) Jotac - 210,4/6 5,190 10- 5,723 5,257 (5,420) (6,220) 12- 5,323 (6,210) 13. 5,790 14- 5,790 (6,200) 15- 5,790 16,240) 16- 5,790 (6,950) 17- 7,123 (7,840) (7.810) 18. 7,123 19- 6,990 (7,800) (7.760) 20- 6,990 21- 6,923 (7,420) 14, ore) 6,390 23. 4,923 14910 (3, 430) 24.6,190

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Let. 28\_ 8390 20 28990 /2-26872 8392 8323 21200 21,130 27080 26,870 8190 (8490) 21200 (20,87d 26660 (25,820) 27\_8190 19-21200 11-25190 8190 8323 20980 21,060 24 560 24 980 8590 (8540) 20790 (20970) 25190 (23,500) 26.10,990 18.20790 10.25820 12390 11,923 2199 20,997 26240 26,030 1239: (10,540) 21410 (21,030) 26030 (21,400) 25 12390 17. 23930 9. 25820 12390 16,377 25400 24,910 26240 25,960 24350 (12,530) 25 /cc (23,240) 25-820 (21,400) 24 13990 16-254cc 8-24770 20190 18,123 25400 25,470 25400 24,700 2019e (4,270) 25610 (25,500) 23930 (21,400) 23. 16 590 18. 25820 7. 2393, 20180 18,790 2562 25,820 23300 23,440 19590 (16,630) 25527 (25,590) 23090 (21,340) 22 19190 14 26030 6. 23090 20790 20,257 26030 26,100 22880 23,020 20790 (18,720) 26240 (25690) 23090 (21,520) 21-20790 13-26450 5. 23090 20 790 20,927 26 450 26,520 23090 22950 2/200 (20,800) 2666c (25760) 22670 (215/6)

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17190	(20,030)			
3. 12790				
12390	12,990			
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· - •	18,257			
19,590	(8,770)			
1-17,192				10
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## INTER-COMPANY CORRESPONDENCE

# UNION CARBIDE NUCLEAR COMPANY

A Division of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation

To:

Mr. J. E. Rothfleisch

Building K-1401

Plant:

Oak Ridge Gaseous Diffusion

Date:

March 26, 1957

Subject: Fluorides in ORGDP Area

Waters, July 1956 -

Copies To: Mr. J. C. Barton

Mr. H. F. Henry

Mr. K. M. Jones

Dr. S. Katz

Mr. T. Kwasnoski

Mr. D. M. Lang

Mr. T. C. Whitson

Technical Division K-1005 File (RC)

January 1957

KLI-4017

Submitted herewith are the results of a six months' survey, performed at your request, of fluoride concentrations in the ORGDP area waters. Semi-weekly samples were taken by the Utilities Department in the following locations: Poplar Creek at junction with Clinch River, Clinch River at K-1513 pumphouse, and the Clinch River, one mile downstream of Poplar Creek junction. The results, expressed in parts per million of fluoride ion, are presented in table I.

Special Analytical Services Departmen

Technical Division

/evo

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to the public by:

Oak Ridge K-25 Site

This form for Inter-Company Correspondence only

WCX-163 (8-55)

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TABLE I

FIJORIDES IN OAK RIDGE GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT AREA WATERS

																										_				
CW-5 Clinch River at K-1513 Pumphouse, ppm. F-	0.5		1.1		0.1	0.2	0.5	2.9	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.3	ਹ <b>਼</b> 0	ત. 0	o.s	લ •		I.0	7.5		N.O	1 6	ત.0	o.3	ત. ૦	o.2		6.37	31/16,1	
Clinch River One Mile Downstream,	7.0	0.3	0.0	\ Q.	0.0	0.2	4.0	0.1	0.2	1.0	1.0	0.1	25.0		તા <i>.</i> તા	1.4	ด.	ય •	1.0	1 1 .	1 1	0.1	0.1	<b>₹.</b> 0	ત. 0	0.2		0.48	Y 25 42	
CW-3 Poplar Creek at Junction With Clinch River, ppm. F	0.0	ر. د.	0.0	, C	000	ቱ•0	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.0	o.∙o	0.2	0.5	2.0	1.3	1.8	0.3	0.3	ત.	1 1	:	6.0	9.0	0.3	0.2	0.3		0.43	9.2.2.	· ```
Date	75/6/11	_	$\sim$ $\circ$	7/22/11	11/16/56	11/20/56	3/5	11/27/56	11/30/56	12/4/56	12/7/56	12/11/56	12/14/56	12/18/56	/21/2	_	12/28/56	1/1/57	1/4/57	1/8/57	1/11/2	1/12/57	1/15/57	. ` `	1/22/57	/22/		Av.		
CM-5 Clinch River at K-1513 Pumphouse, ppm. F	, C	, c		+    -    -	0.0		0.1	0.1	0.5	•	0.2	0.3	9.0	ቱ•0	0.1	0.1	<b>&lt;</b> 0.1	0.3	ଧ•୦	ત.0	[ ],	9.0	ત.0	4.0	0.2	2.0	୦.୦		الملاكا	
CW-4 Clinch River One Mile Downstream, ppm. F		 		) i	יי מ	i 0	1 <b>4</b>	્ 0	0.1	9.0	0	7.1	9.0	o.	0.1	0.1	ቲ•0	0.5	0.8	ਹ•0	0.2	1.9	0	2.0	K. O	0.0	0.5		李	•
CW-3 Poplar Creek at Junction With Clinch River, ppm. F-		 	י מ	ž. (	70.7				7.7	- K- C	٠.0	0	0.7	٠,0	0.1	o.0	0	4.0	4.0	0.3	, r.	0.0	) (C	, c	000	0.0	0.5	*25*	₩.	•
Date		7/27/56	0/1/2/ 8/2/56	$\mathcal{I}_{i}$	8/1/26	)       	7/44/	7,10	10	10	1 K				7.4	<u>``</u>	9/51/20	7	3	2	<u>,</u>	10	7.0	` `		_	30/			

## INTER-COMPANY CORRESPONDENCE

SERT ) COMPANY CARBIDE AND CARBON CHEMICALS CORP. LOCATION

Post Office Box P OAK RIDGE, TENN.

TO LOCATION Dr. H. F. Henry

ATTENTION COPY TO



DATE January 13, 1950

Answering Letter Date

SUBJECT Minimum Flow of Clinch River

A letter dated January 5, from C. E. Center to R. W. Cook, concerning minimum flow of the Clinch River is quoted below. This recommendation obviously is the result of specific studies by X-10 and is consistent with our conclusions concerning the recent experiences of higher than average beta activity in the Clinch River under low flow conditions.

"Reference is made to my letter of August 26, 1949, regarding the minimum flow rate of the Clinch River. Since that time, at a meeting of the Radiation Protection Committee of the United States, Canada and Great Britain, held in Canada on September 26, the Committee recommended permissible limits on certain of the radioactive materials. Also further study has been and is still being made on the most applicable waste disposal system for Oak Ridge National Laboratory under the funds provided in Program "H".

"Until the revised waste disposal system is designed and installed, in order to keep the concentration of radioactive wastes in the Clinch River within the permissible limits recommended at the Chalk River Meeting, it will be necessary to regulate the discharge of such wastes in accord with the flow of the river. This installation of the waste evaporator, the increase in storage space in the Tank Farm, and the use of White Oak Dam, such regulation is possible except under extraordinary conditions.

"To enable the personnel at the Laboratory to plan the disposal of the radioactive liquid waste, giving consideration to the Clinch River flow rate, it is recommended that TVA make available to the Laboratory a copy of its weekly schedule of release from Nórris, or, at least, a statement of the anticipated average flow for the week. With this information, every effort will be made to maintain the average concentration of Clinch River for an extended period of time within the permissible limits. After the modification of our waste disposal system under Program "H", the knowledge of the flow rate will not be as critical as it is at the present time.

"Although the possibility of an ORNL accident in which extraordinary amounts of radioactive materials would be released is remote, the arrangement with TVA should also have provisions wherein large volumes of water could be made available to dilute the activity in Clinch River."

THIS FORM FOR INTER-COMPANY CORRESPONDENCE ONLY

Dr. H. F. Henry Page Two January 13, 1950

If we need any information concerning Clinch River flows, particularly as related to X-10 operations, I presume you have and will continue to obtain it from X-10 rather than from any other source. If you have comments in this regard, please discuss them with me.

A. P. Dunlap

Safety and Inspection Division

Dewlap

..PD:mgwk

